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| EE-436L Database Engineering |
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| Project Report |

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# Introduction

Pharmacies are essential component of healthcare in the Pakistan and handle the function of selling medical drugs. Even though the pharmacies do not seem different than any other shop, their functioning is very different due to various laws regarding drugs.

For example, most of the drugs available in a pharmacy cannot be purchased without a prescription. Even with a signed prescription, there is a limit on the quantity that can be purchased. Additionally, pharmacist can do a background check on customer’s medical history to ensure that they are not involved in drug abuse.

In addition, there are other laws on the operations of pharmacy like requirement for safe disposal of expired medicine and requirement of license for employees that mix/prepare the drugs.

Thus, preparing a Database Management System for a pharmacy not only requires study of how things are handled from a customer or employee point of view but also the relevant laws. With this project, our aim was to develop a comprehensive system that could deal with challenges faced in day to day operation of a modern pharmacy. We studied the relevant laws and prepared a system that complies with the required Federal and State laws.

# Requirements

During research phase, we arrived at following requirements based on the pharmacy flow:

## Customer

When a customer arrives in the pharmacy, we identify them based on their SSN. If they are a new customer, they are asked for their name, date of birth, phone number, gender and address.

## Insurance

20-25% of Pakistan population has health insurance coverage. If a customer has health insurance, we store the insurance ID (unique for each customer), company name, start date, end date and Co-Insurance. Co-Insurance is a percentage amount that insurance company pays for a medicinal purchase (Managing your healthcare costs, n.d.). Given the customer SSN and insurance ID, the system should be able to automatically calculate the amount paid by insurance company and customer.

## Employee

An employee has same details as a customer but they are also given a company ID, that is unique for them. An employee has to have one of the following roles:

1. Pharmacist
2. CPhT (Certified Pharmacy Technician)
3. Intern (can work in the pharmacy part time)
4. Cashier

Apart from cashier, all other roles require a license from Pakistan Medical Commission as they directly deal with mixing and preparation of drugs.

## Prescription

Most of the drugs in the pharmacy can only be sold with a prescription. A prescription contains customer’s SSN, the prescribing Doctor’s ID (required by law) and when the prescription was prescribed.

Each prescription contains a number of prescribed drugs with drug name, quantity and refill limit of each of them. By law, a pharmacy cannot sell more than prescribed quantity or anything that is not listed on prescription.